

Code: CEIT1, MEIT1, CSIT1, ITIT1, EEIT1, ECIT1, AEIT1

**I B.Tech - I Semester – Regular Examinations - November 2015**

**ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS - I**  
(Common for all Branches)

Duration: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

**PART – A**

Answer *all* the questions. All questions carry equal marks

11 x 2 = 22 M

1. a) Show that the equation  $x dx + y dy = \frac{a^2(x dy - y dx)}{x^2 + y^2}$  is exact.

b) Solve the differential equation

$$(D^4 - D^3 - 9D^2 - 11D - 4)y = 0$$

c) Find the orthogonal trajectories of family of parabolas

$$y = ax^2$$

d) State Rolle's theorem.

e) Write Taylor's series of  $\cos x$  in powers of  $\left(x - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$

f) Change the order of integration of the double integration

$$\int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} y^2 dy dx$$

g) Evaluate  $\int_0^{\pi} \int_0^x \sin y dy dx$

h) If  $f(x, y, z) = 3x^2y - y^3z^2$  then find grad  $f$  at the point  $(1, -2, -1)$ .

i) State Gauss divergence theorem.

j) Write the normal equations to fit the parabola

$$y = a + bx + cx^2$$

k) Show that  $\beta(m, n) = \beta(m+1, n) + \beta(m, n+1)$ .

### PART – B

Answer any **THREE** questions. All questions carry equal marks. 16 x 3 = 48 M

2. a) If the air is maintained at  $30^\circ\text{C}$  and the temperature of the body cools from  $80^\circ\text{C}$  to  $60^\circ\text{C}$  in 12 minutes, find the temperature of the body after 24 minutes from the original. 8 M

b) Solve 8 M

$$(D^2 - 2D + 1)y = xe^x \sin x$$

3. a) Using Lagrange's Mean value theorem, show that 8 M

$$x > \log(1+x) > \frac{x}{1+x} \text{ if } f(x) = \log(1+x), \forall x > 0.$$

b) Find the dimensions of the rectangular box, open at the top, of maximum capacity whose surface area is 432 sq.cm.

8 M

4. a) Evaluate the integral  $\int_0^a \int_y^a \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} dx dy$

using the change of order of integration.

8 M

b) Evaluate  $\int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \int_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2-y^2}} \frac{dx dy dz}{\sqrt{1-x^2-y^2-z^2}}$

by changing to spherical co-ordinates.

8 M

5. a) Find the directional derivative of the function

$f = x^2 - y^2 + 2z^2$  at the point P(1,2,3) in the direction of the line PQ where Q=(5,0,4).

8 M

b) Evaluate  $\int_S \vec{F} \cdot \vec{N} dS$  where  $\vec{F} = z\vec{i} + x\vec{j} - 3y^2z\vec{k}$  and

S is the surface  $x^2 + y^2 = 16$  included in the first octant between  $z=0$  and  $z=5$ .

8 M

6. a) Fit a least square geometric curve  $y = ax^b$  to the following data.

8 M

x:	1	2	3	4	5
y:	0.5	2	4.5	8	12.5

b) Derive the relation between Beta and Gamma function.

8 M